

# **Site Investigation Report**

St George's Barracks Rutland, UK

January 2018



Prepared for: Rutland County Council



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January 2018

Client:

## **Rutland County Council**

Prepared by:

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#### 1. Introduction

Evolution Geological Limited were contacted to undertake a site investigation of an MOD owned, disused airfield known as St George's Barracks, to assess the potential for economic mineral extraction of any underlying limestone resource.

#### 2. Location

The area that is the subject of this report, known as St George's Barracks, is located in Rutland, immediately southeast of Rutland Water reservoir, and some 8km southeast of Oakham.

The site still retains much of the airfield runway and surrounding road infrastructure. The Ordnance Survey grid reference of the centre of the site is 494310E, 304670N.

St George's Barracks is located 1.5km west of Hanson's Ketton quarry and cement works.



Figure 1 - Site Location Plan. © Ordnance Survey.

#### 3. Topography

The Environment Agency LIDAR 2m DTM dataset for the locality shows that the area sits at the top of a topographic plateau which at its highest point reaches c.107m AOD. This plateau falls away gently towards the north east to c.100m AOD, and more steeply towards the south east to around 95m AOD.

This topography is a small part of the wider fluvial geomorphology, where erosion has contributed to the forming of a landscape characterised by high, dissected plateaus with numerous small stream valleys. The site sits atop one of these small plateaus, to the south of the Vale of Catmose, a broad shallow valley which drains to the Wreake in the north and the Welland in the south. The plateaus along this side of

the vale have been cut by rivers, running south ultimately into the Welland, to form a gently rolling landscape that has within it a number of shallow but sometimes steep-sided valleys separated by broad ridges.

The topography of the site and immediate surrounds can be seen in plan EG-SGB-TS-1801 in Appendix B.

#### 4. Regional Geology

St George's Barracks is situated within the outcrop of Jurassic strata which strikes roughly southwest across England stretching from Dorset through Oxfordshire into the Peterborough/Rutland area. In this region, the strata comprises a series of intercalated limestones and clays of the Middle Jurassic Inferior and Great Oolite Groups, which overlays clays with occasional argillaceous limestones of the Lower Jurassic Lias Group.

#### 4.1. Structure

The plateau on which the site sits forms part of the Inferior and Great Oolite escarpment. To the north and west, this escarpment drops towards the lowland of the Upper Lias clay outcrop upon which Rutland Water reservoir sits.

Regionally, strata dips to the east at between 1° and 5° such that strata generally 'youngs' to the east.

There is little evidence for any significant tectonic structure within the immediate area of the site, though there are some minor fault systems present to the east, in the vicinity of Ketton quarry.

#### 4.2. Stratigraphy

#### Rutland Formation (formerly Upper Estuarine Series)

In the local area around the site, the upper lithologies encountered are the Rutland Formation, at the base of the Great Oolite Group, which outcrops along the very eastern margin of the site. This formation is described by the British Geological Survey (BGS) as comprising grey marine mudstone passing up into non-marine mudstone and siltstone, with a greenish-grey rootlet bed at the top. The basal beds comprise mainly fluviatile and lacustrine sandstones. Subordinate sandstone beds occur higher in the sequence locally, as well as typically shelly and shell-detrital marine limestones and calcareous mudstones. The thickness of the Rutland Formation is typically 8 to 10m, but can be up to 15m. The presence and thickness of this unit is generally determined by the extent of glacial erosion.

#### Lincolnshire Limestone Formation

Beneath the Rutland Formation is found the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation, the upper member of the Inferior Oolite Group. The Lincolnshire Limestone Formation is subdivided into the Upper and Lower Lincolnshire limestones. The dividing marker is the 'Crossi' bed which is distinguished by the fossils of "Acanthothris crossi" it contains. The Crossi bed forms the top of the Lower Lincolnshire limestone, though it is not considered to be discernible in the local area.

The Lincolnshire Limestone Formation is described by the BGS as limestone, typically calcilutites, and peloidal wackestones and packstones in the lower part (Lower Lincolnshire Limestone) and high energy ooidal and shell fragmental grainstones in the upper part (Upper Lincolnshire Limestone). It commonly includes sandy limestone in the basal part and may contain substantial units of mudstone.

The Lincolnshire Limestone Formation is generally considered to be laterally consistent, with little variation in thickness. The full thickness, typically between 15m and 20m, is normally observed unless this has been reduced as a result of glacial erosion.

## Grantham Formation (formerly Lower Estuarine Series)

The Grantham Formation (Inferior Oolite Group) underlies the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation. This formation comprises mudstones, sandy mudstones and argillaceous siltstone-sandstone, which is commonly ferruginous, and containing generally abundant plant debris. The upper boundary of this formation can be a sharp or apparently transitional and somewhat arbitrary interpreted boundary with limestones of the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation, which may be very sandy at the base. Such lower parts of the Lincolnshire Limestone are typically distinguished from the Grantham Formation by the presence of shell debris and peloids.

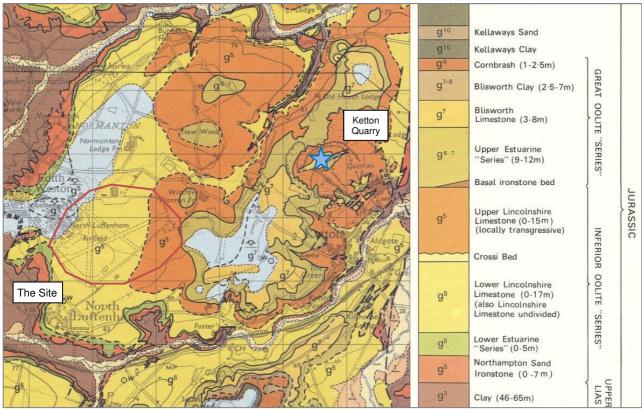


Figure 2 - Geological Map showing geological sequence around the St George's Barracks site. © British Geological Survey, 1978.

#### Northampton Sand Formation

Underlying the Grantham Formation is found the Northampton Sand Formation, comprising sandy, berthierine-ooidal and sideritic ironstone, which is greenish grey where fresh but weathers to brown limonitic sandstone, typically displaying a box-stone structure. The uppermost beds are generally more or less ferruginous sandstone, whilst the basal part is commonly muddy and less ferruginous.

Quaternary deposits above this stratigraphy are limited to relatively small areas of glacial boulder clay on the higher topographic plateaus.

### 5. Borehole Investigation

A desk-based outline study was undertaken to review the published geological information to enable a ground investigation to be specified and undertaken. This study confirmed the stratigraphy of the site, as above, and identified the only potentially viable economic mineral target as the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation.

Ketton Quarry to the east of the site currently works the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation for the purpose of cement production. It is also understood to use clay from the overlying Rutland Formation and sand from the basal Northampton Sand Formation in the process.

As part of the desk study, historic borehole data available through the BGS was reviewed in order to predict the likely geological horizons and depths across the site. This predicted depths to the base of the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation to be between 6 and 20m.

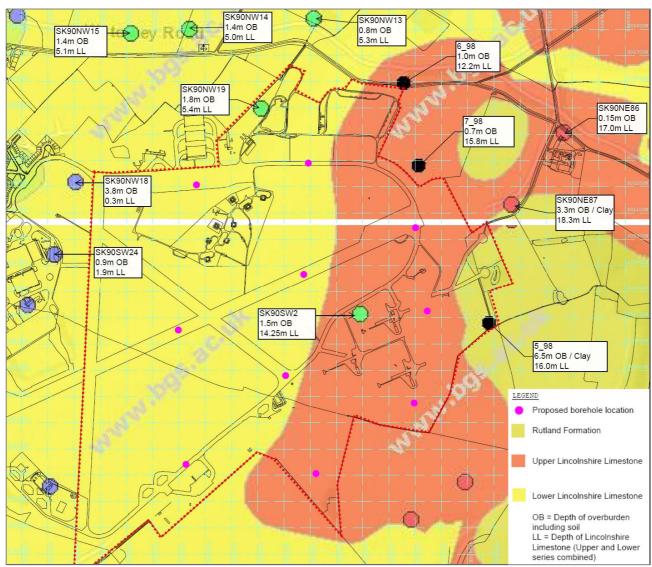


Figure 3 - Summary Geology Plan showing historic boreholes and their recorded thicknesses, together with the proposed borehole locations for the 2017 site investigation.

A site investigation comprising 10 cored boreholes (totalling c.150m) was designed and tendered, and Geobor-S core drilling, utilising a Fraste PL.G rig, was undertaken by Apex Drilling Ltd during December 2017. This was logged in early January 2018 by Evolution Geological, with the borehole logs presented at Appendix A. The results of the drilling are summarised below (and on plan EG-SGB-GSC-0118 in Appendix B).

#### 5.1. Geology

The stratigraphy observed in the new borehole cores was confirmed to be as expected from the desk based study:

#### Quaternary

All boreholes encountered overlying soils and glacial boulder clay of the Quaternary, which was consistently 0.4 - 0.5m thick.

#### Lincolnshire Limestone Formation

Immediately beneath this, all 10 boreholes encountered the Lincolnshire Limestone Formation. In all holes, this initially comprised a heavily fractured and clay contaminated horizon, with evidence of weathering and dissolution. This upper, weathered zone was typically seen to be between 0.5 and 1.5m thick.

The Lincolnshire Limestone encountered seemed to demonstrate, as anticipated from the published information, two slightly different forms. An upper part of the sequence generally being less strong, of coarser texture, and more strongly oolitic and shelly. The lower parts of the limestone sequence encountered were typically strong to very strong, of finer texture and with fewer bioclasts.

Though the subdivision of the Upper and Lower Lincolnshire Limestones through the presence of the crossi bed is not discernible in the cores, the noticeable changes in strength, colour and texture seem to provide a reasonable differentiation which largely accords with the anticipated thicknesses of each member.

The Upper Lincolnshire Limestone is considered to have been present in 6 of the 10 boreholes. It was not thought to have been encountered in BHs 1, 4, 5 and 10 – essentially those holes on the western side of the site. In the remaining holes, thicknesses of between 1.0 and 5.1m were observed, with an average thickness of c.2.5m.

The Lower Lincolnshire Limestone was observed in all boreholes, ranging in thickness from 3.9 and 4.9m in the westernmost boreholes (BHs 1 and 5 respectively) to around 12m in the eastern boreholes (BHs 3,6,7,8,9).

#### Grantham Formation / Northampton Sand Formation

Beneath the Lincolnshire Limestone, all the boreholes passed into sands, siltstones and ferrugionous sandstones of these formations.

#### 5.2. Economic Geology

The Lincolnshire Limestone encountered in the boreholes was situated below a relatively small thickness of soils and clay overburden and as such would be considered not to be constrained by that factor for eventual economic extraction. The thicknesses of limestone encountered would also be compatible with economic extraction, though the thinning of the target strata to the west would become limiting at some point. The base of the limestone was 3D modelled as a digital terrain model (DTM) and this showed a relatively consistent dip of the strata of around 1.5° towards the southeast, and thickens in that direction beneath the escarpment (subject to surface topography and erosional controls).

The key aspect of suitability for future cement raw feed usage would be the chemistry of this part of the limestone. Following logging, the Lincolnshire Limestone from the cores were split into 33 samples to be subjected to a full suite of chemical analyses to assess their suitability or otherwise for cement.

NB. As the samples are yet to be tested, the suitability of the limestone chemistry from this specific site does not form part of this version of the report.

In addition to the suitability for cement usage, as part of the core logging an assessment was made of the potential suitability for aggregate use. This was a judgement formed from experience in aggregate products, based upon factors such as strength, rock quality designation (RQD), cleanliness (lack of clay / silt) and the presence of other potentially deleterious components.

This assessment is noted as "Indicative Aggregate Quality" in the borehole logs in Appendix A. Typically, the Upper Lincolnshire Limestone is slightly weaker and generally more heavily weathered near surface, so would be less suitable for aggregate use. The Lower Lincolnshire Limestone, certainly in the upper, cleaner sections before it becomes interspersed with sands and siltstones, would seem to be much more suitable for aggregate use. The presence of iron staining through much of the sequence would perhaps cause some concern for use in concrete products.

#### 5.3. Resource Assessment

Following the results of the drilling, the depths and thicknesses of overburden (overlying soils and clays) and limestone were modelled in 3D to create DTMs from which some indicative volumetrics could be produced.

An appropriate area was considered for a potential future extraction operation, with conservative standoffs from all boundaries of the demarked site, and not considering limestone below a thickness of c.5m.

A conversion factor is required to convert a volume calculated from the modelling into a potential tonnage of the limestone resource. Certain assumptions are required to establish the appropriate conversion factor. The density of the Lincolnshire Limestone is c.2.3 tonnes / m³. However, applying such a factor would not take into account slight variations in the material, the presence of small bands of sand and silt and other deleterious materials, the presence of

fracturing and clay infill and the potential losses associated with practical mineral extraction.

Typically, a processing losses adjustment of c.5-10% would be applied in the production of reserve and resource assessments for this type of mineral operation, though the figure would be adjusted to take into account the specifics of any particular production process or geology. However, for the purposes of this exercise, to produce a very high level estimate of the potential limestone resource, a conservative waste factor of 20% has been utilised.

The potential limestone resource, as calculated from the DTMs created from the historic borehole information and the 2017 drilling, is therefore considered to be in the order of 20 Million tonnes.

The volume of overburden overlying this mineral was calculated as being around 2 Million cubic metres. This included all soils and overlying clays, but also the weathered and clay contaminated top of the limestone.

It should be noted that the borehole spacings from the 2017 drilling exercise are well over 400m, and as such are very much considered to be outline holes. Such outline drilling can give a good overview of the geology, and an idea of indicative resource volumes, but the spacing is such that no real statistical relationship can be established between the holes. This means that the level of confidence in any resource figure should be considered as low.

#### 6. **Summary**

- 6.1. The St George's Barracks site is underlain by Lincolnshire Limestone, a potentially suitable target for economic mineral extraction.
- 6.2.10 cored boreholes were drilled during December 2017, all of which penetrated Lincolnshire Limestone, and passed fully through this horizon into the basal strata
- 6.3. Overburden of soils and overlying Quaternary clays was encountered in all holes, with a thickness ranging from 0.4 to 0.5m.
- 6.4. Lincolnshire Limestone was encountered in all holes, with a total thickness ranging from 3.9m in the west (BH1) to 16.8m in the east (BH7). The base of the limestone dips to towards the southeast at c1.5°.
- 6.5. The top of the limestone in all holes was weathered and clay contaminated to a greater or lesser extent. An allowance has been made in the resource estimation for this material.
- 6.6. The subdivision between the Upper and Lower Lincolnshire Limestone is indistinct, though it can potentially be surmised from strength, colour and texture.
- 6.7. The Lincolnshire Limestone (both Upper and Lower) seemed suitable for economic mineral extraction, though its potential use as a cement raw feed will be determined by further chemical analysis.
- 6.8. The lower (and thicker) parts of the sequence of limestone were stronger, and generally cleaner, and could be suitable for aggregate use.
- 6.9. A potential future limestone resource could be in the order of 20 Million tonnes. This is only considered to be an outline, though conservative figure.

## 7. References

- 1. British Geological Survey, Sheet 157: Stamford 1:50,000, 1978.
- 2. British Geological Survey, Geolndex Borehole records, 2017.
- 3. Emerson Moore Geosciences, Mineral Reserves Assessment Ketton Quarry, 2007.
- 4. Del Strother, Peter, Ketton Quarry Geological Field Guide, 2014.
- 5. Dawn, Alan, Middle Jurassic Sequence at Ketton (from Mercian Geologist 16), 2005.

## Appendix A – Borehole Logs (2017)

					Site:				arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	01	
3	S V	)II	Jtion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	ed by:	Simon	McCurd	ly		Date Dr	illed:	18/12/20	17	
			geological		Coord	linates:		494365	5, 305187		Collar E	levation:	102.249		
	ı	ı	T						Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD	i	
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	0.80	0.80	No recovery - so Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.8 Clay &				102.25	101.45	0.80	0.00	0%	0.80	0	0%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
0.80	1.70	0.90		thtly sandy clay, with occasional rey, fine grained comicrite limestone.			101.45	100.55	0.90	0.00	0%	0.90	0	0%	
1.70	5.60	3.90	buff, fine grained rubbly return. Of Minor black spe	ng, well cemented, pale grey / pinkish d oomicrite limestone. Well fractured, ccasional shell fragments throughout. ckling and iron staining on fracture clay horizons at 2.6m (5cm), 3.4m (10cm).		MOD	100.55	96.65	3.90	3.30	85%	3.90	0.77	20%	Zm
5.60	6.20	0.60		uspected grey clay (see above).			96.65	96.05	0.60	0.00	0%	0.60	0	0%	Sample 30: 1.7 - 6.2m
			Driller's log entry 5.5 - 6.2 Sand	y:											
6.20	6.70	0.50	Weak, orange b	rown, clayey, silty ironstone.			96.05	95.55	0.50	0.00	0%	0.50	0	0%	
6.70	9.20	2.50	Weak to modera occasional irons	ately strong, dark grey siltstone with stone nodules.			95.55	93.05	2.50	0.00	0%	2.50	0	0%	
	I	l								I	1	1	l	1	

	)V	alu	Ition geological	Darahala Las	Site: Logge	d by:		rge's B McCurd	arracks		B/h no: Date Dr	illed:	<b>SGB17</b> / 30/11/20		
V.			geological	Borehole Log		inates:	Simon		5, 305280	)		levation:	101.032	117	
										d Core Rec	1		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	1.20	1.20	No recovery - sc Driller's log entr 0.0 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 1.2 Broken				101.03	99.83	1.20	0.00	0%	1.20	0	0%	0,5
1.20	1.70	0.50	limestone. Well	ng, well cemented, buff, fine oomicrite I fractured, rubbly to gravelly return. ckling on fracture surfaces.			99.83	99.33	0.50	0.25	50%	0.50	0	0%	
1.70	4.15	2.45		ng to strong, well cemented, orange se oolitic limestone. Shell fragments or iron staining.		GOOD	99.33	96.88	2.45	2.20	90%	2.45	0.73	30%	Sample 14: 1.7 - 4.7m
6.70	8.60		Imestone. Occasity bands. Mind fractures.  Moderately stroimedium comicri and silty bands.	nented, pale grey, medium oomicrite asional shell fragments. Occasional or plastic, grey clay infill on some or plastic, grey clay infill on some of the state of		MOD	96.88	94.33	2.55	2.50	71%	1.90	0.86	78%	Sample 15: 4.7 - 7.7m
8.60	9.40	0.80	Strong, well cen limestone. Occa	nented, pale grey / buff, fine oomicrite isional shelly frgaments throughout.		GOOD	92.43	91.63	0.80	0.80	100%	0.80	0.7	87%	Sample 16: 7.7 - 9.4m

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	02	
	PV	) I C	tion	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	30/11/20	17	
			geological		Coordi	nates:		494785	5, 305280		Collar El	evation:	101.032		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length	I	Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
9.40	11.15		orange brown, h Occasional irons cavities.	grained, silty sandstone, becoming eavily iron stained from 10.8m. stone nodules and small dissolution stained from 10.8m. stone nodules and small dissolution of the state of			91.63	89.88	1.75	0.00	0%	1.75	0	0%	
			END OF HOLE		Drilling (	Contract	tor / Rig /	Type: Ap	pex Drilling /	Fraste PL	.G / Geobo	or-S			

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	03	
3	PV.	JIC	geological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	ly		Date Dr	illed:	04/12/20	17	
			geological	_	Coord	inates:		495179	9, 305011		Collar E	levation:	97.442		
	1	1	1						Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	1.20	1.20	No recovery - sc Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.2 Topsoil 0.2 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 1.2 Broken	y:			97.44	96.24	1.20	0.00	0%	1.20	0	0%	
1.20	1.45	0.25		ed brown clay, with fragments (up to buff, coarse oolitic limestone.			96.24	95.99	0.25	0.00	0%	0.25	0	0%	
1.45	2.90		oolitic limestone content, slight in	nented, pale orange buff, coarse e. Heavily fractured. Minor shell on staining on fracture surfaces.		GOOD		94.54	1.45	1.45	100%	1.45	0.24	17%	Sample 5: 1.7 - 3.5m
2.90	3.50	0.60	medium biomicr	ng to strong, well cemented, pale buff, ite limestone. Well fractured, cobbly n. Minor clay infill on fractures.		MOD	94.54	93.94	0.60	0.40	67%	0.60	0.15	25%	0,
3.50	5.40	1.90	limestone, beco rubbly return. SI throughout, and surfaces. Stiff gi	nented, pale grey to buff, micritic ming oolitic from 4.7m. Fractured, ight black, dendritic speckling minor iron staining on fracture rey / brown clay present infilling ure, and also infilling subhorizontal 5.4m.		GOOD	93.94	92.04	1.90	1.70	89%	1.90	0.4	21%	Sample 6: 3.5 - 6.2m
5.40	5.80	0.40	No recovery - s	uspected loss due to clay at 5.4m			92.04	91.64	0.40		0%	0.40		0%	
5.80	9.20	3.40	buff, coarse ooli black speckling	ng to strong, well cemented, orange tic limestone. Minor iron staining and on fracture surfaces. Stiff grey / ent infilling subvertical fracture at		GOOD	91.64	88.24	3.40	3.20	94%	3.40	2.28	67%	Sample 7: 6.5 - 9.2m

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17	03	
	PV.	yle	Jtion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	04/12/20	17	
			geological		Coord	inates:		495179	, 305011		Collar E	levation:	97.442		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length	I	Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
9.20	12.40	3.20	medium grained black speckling	ng to strong, pale grey / buff, fine to biomicrite limestone. Considerable on fracture surfaces, with minor iron out. Rubbly return.		GOOD	88.24	85.04	3.20	2.80	88%	3.20	1.78	56%	Sample 8: 9.2 - 12.4m
12.40	15.20	2.80	oomicrite limeste shelly frgaments fractures. Minor Stiff, grey brown	ng to strong, pale grey / buff, fine one, with minor silty bands. Minor stroughout. Occasional calcified black speckling on joint surfaces. , slightly gravelly, silty clay infilling and 13.1m. Suspected loss of at 13.1m.		GOOD	85.04	82.24	2.80	1.76	63%	2.80	1.5	54%	Sample 9: 12.4 - 15.2m
15.20	16.00	0.80		n clay, with occasional fragment of one. Increasing amount of black, towards base.			82.24	81.44	0.80	0.00	0%	0.80	0	0%	
16.00	16.50	0.50	Weak, orange be content.	rown, silty ironstone with high organic			81.44	80.94	0.50	0.00	0%	0.50	0	0%	
16.50	16.70	0.20		ack / dark grey mudstone. High with strong sulphurous smell.			80.94	80.74	0.20	0.00	0%	0.20	0	0%	

	<b>N</b>				Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17	04	
1		ylc	Jtion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	ed by:	Simon	McCurd	ly		Date Dr	illed:	05/12/20	)17	
			deological		Coord	linates:		494784	1, 304840		Collar E	levation:	102.822		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	1.00	1.00	No recovery - so Driller's log entr 0.0 - 0.5 Clay 0.5 - 1.0 Broken				102.82	101.82	1.00	0.00	0%	1.00	0	0%	
1.00	1.20	0.20	Stiff, red brown	clay.			101.82	101.62	0.20	0.00	0%	0.20	0	0%	
1.20	1.70	0.50	medium grained	ng, well cemented, buff, fine to I oomicrite limestone. Weathered and layey, gravelly return.		MOD	101.62	101.12	0.50	0.20	40%	0.50	0	0%	
1.70	5.60	3.90	buff, coarse grai	ng to strong, well cemented, orange ined biomicrite limestone. Occasional m, some calcified. Minor iron staining ices.		GOOD	101.12	97.22	3.90	3.90	100%	3.90	2.14	55%	Sample 31: 1.7 - 4.7m
5.60	9.10	3.50	biomicrite limes	trong, well cemented, buff, fine tone. Occasional visible shelly or black speckling in places on fracture		GOOD	97.22	93.72	3.50	3.40	97%	3.50	2.17	62%	Sample 33: 7.7 - 11.7m

Section   Sect						Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	04	
Coordinates:   494784, 304840   Collar Elevation:   102.822	(3)	PV.	JIC	<b>Jtion</b>	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	ly		Date Dri	lled:	05/12/20	17	
Depth from   Dep	4			geological	J	Coordi	inates:		494784	1, 304840		Collar El	levation:	102.822		
9.10 11.70 2.60 Strong to very strong, well cemented, buff / pinkish buff, fine biomicrite limestone, with occasional silty horizons. Visible shelly fragments throughout.  11.70 12.20 0.50 Weak, orange brown, clayey, siltstone.  12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 12.20 15.20 3.00 Modera										Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
9.10   11.70   2.60   Strong to very strong, well cemented, buff / pinkish buff, fine biomicrite limestone, with occasional silty horizons. Visible shelly fragments throughout.    11.70   12.20   15.20   3.00   Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with	Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality				Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
12.20 15.20 3.00 Moderately weak, orange brown, silty ironstone with 90.62 87.62 3.00 0.00 <b>0%</b> 3.00 0 <b>0%</b>				buff, fine biomic horizons. Visible	rite limestone, with occasional silty e shelly fragments throughout.											Sample 32: 4.7 - 7.7m
	11.70	12.20	0.50	Weak, orange b	rown, clayey, siltstone.			91.12	90.62	0.50	0.00	0%	0.50	0	0%	
END OF HOLE Drilling Contractor / Rig / Type: Apex Drilling / Fraste PL.G / Geobor-S	12.20	15.20	3.00	many voids.	k, orange brown, silty ironstone with									0	0%	

	<b>N</b>	_ =	_1.2		Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17		
3		<u> </u>	Jtion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	ly		Date Dri	illed:	06/12/20	)17	
			geological		Coord	inates:		494275	5, 304683		Collar E	levation:	104.712		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	1.00	1.00	No recovery - so Driller's log entr 0.0 - 0.5 Clay 0.5 - 1.0 Broken	y:			104.71	103.71	1.00	0.00	0%	1.00	0	0%	
1.00	1.30	0.30	Stiff, orange bro	wn, slightly sandy clay.			103.71	103.41	0.30	0.00	0%	0.30	0	0%	_
1.30	1.70	0.40	grained oomicrit	ng, well cemented, pale grey, fine e limestone. Occasional shell tured, rubbly return.		MOD	103.41	103.01	1.60	0.40	25%	0.40	0	0%	-
1.70	3.20	1.50	Modrately strong grained comicrit fragments. Very	g, well cemented, pale buff, fine le limestone. Occasional shell occasional black speckling on s. Heavily fractured.		MOD	103.01	101.51	1.50	2.90	193%	1.50	0.36	24%	Sample 22: 1.7 - 3.5m
3.20	6.20	3.00	to medium biom speckling and m	nented, pale grey to pinkish buff, fine icrite limestone. Black, dendritic infor iron staining on fracture eature with associated loss of 45 to 4.8m.		GOOD	101.51	98.51	3.00	2.18	73%	3.00	1.75	58%	Sample 23: 3.5 - 6.2m
6.20	7.70	1.50	No recovery Driller's log entr 6.2 - 6.3 Limest 6.3 - 7.7 Sand				98.51	97.01	1.50	0.00	0%	1.50	0	0%	

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	05	
	PY	yle	Ition geological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	06/12/20	17	
			geological	_	Coordi	nates:		494275	5, 304683		Collar El	levation:	104.712		
									Solid	l Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
7.70	10.70		with many voids				97.01	94.01	3.00	0.00	0%	3.00	0	0%	
			END OF HOLE		Drilling	Contract	or / Rig /	Type: Ap	ex Drilling	/ Fraste PL	G / Geobo	or-S			

	_				Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	06	
1	Y	yle	tion	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	06/12/20	17	
4			geological	3 3 3 3 3	Coord	inates:		494667	, 304475		Collar E	levation:	103.305		
									Solid	I Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	0.70	0.70	No recovery - so Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 0.7 Broken	y:			103.31	102.61	0.70	0.00	0%	0.70	0	0%	9 4
0.70	1.70	1.00	limestone. Weat	ng, well cemented, buff, coarse oolitic tered and fractured, with rubbly return. ng on fracture surfaces.		MOD	102.61	101.61	1.00	0.80	80%	1.00	0	0%	
1.70	2.45	0.75	grained oomicrit fragments throug	ng, well cemented, grey brown, fine te limestone. Occasional shell ghout, and black speckling on fracture brown clay infill on fractures.		MOD	101.61	100.86	0.75	0.75	100%	0.75	0	0%	Sample 27: 1.7 -
2.45	7.45	5.00	orange, coarse of throughout. Black			GOOD	100.86	95.86	5.00	4.65	93%	5.00	3.37	67%	

	<b></b>		.11		Site:				arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /		
-		)II	Ition geological	Borehole Log	Logge	ed by:	Simon	McCurd	У		Date Dr	illed:	06/12/20	17	
			geological		Coord	linates:		494667	7, 304475		Collar E	levation:	103.305		
		ı	T						Solid	Core Rec	covery		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
7.45	11.50	4.05	brown, fine oom fragments. Mino	trong, well cemented, buff / grey icrite limestone. Occasional shell or silty horizons and occasional small Very strong, coarsely recrystallised <a href="kg">k</a> ) at 10.9m.		GOOD	95.86	91.81	4.05	3.90	96%	4.05	2.94	73%	Sample 29: 7.7 - 12.0m
11.50	grey / buff, fine		grey / buff, fine of	trong, well cemented, pale pinkish comicrite limestone, becoming dark se. Occasional shelly band.		GOOD	91.81	89.56	2.25	1.85	82%	2.25	1.28	57%	
13.75	15.10	1.35	Weak, orange brown, fine to medium silty sandstone with small iron nodules and associated iron staining. Most of sample lost.				89.56	88.21	1.35	0.00	0%	1.35	0	0%	_
15.10	16.50	1.40	Weak, orange brown, fine to medium silty, sandstone / ironstone with high proportion of ironstone nodules and voids.			88.21	86.81	1.40	0.00	0%	1.40	0	0%	_	

		_			Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	07	
	PV	yle	tion	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	13/12/20	17	
7			geological		Coord	inates:		495231	, 304722		Collar E	levation:	97.695		
									Solid	d Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	0.50	0.50	No recovery - so Driller's log entr 0.0 - 0.5 Clay				97.70	97.20	0.50	0.00	0%	0.50	0	0%	, <u> </u>
0.50	1.20	0.70	Stiff, plastic, bro	own glacial clay.			97.20	96.50	0.70	0.00	0%	0.70	0	0%	
1.20	1.80	0.60	coarse oolitic lin	k, highly weathered, orange brown, nestone. Numerous shell fragments. on fracture surfaces. Heavily fractured,		POOR	96.50	95.90	0.60	0.60	100%	0.60	0.12	20%	=
1.80	6.30	4.50	coarse oolitic lin Iron stained ban Occasional blac Heavily fracture	ng to strong, orange to pinkish buff, mestone. Occasional shell fragments. ids, and staining on fracture surfaces. ik speckling on some fractures. d, rubbly from 1.8 - 5.1m.		GOOD	95.90	91.40	4.50	4.30	96%	4.50	2.03	45%	Sample 17: 2.0 - 5.0m
6.30	8.40	2.10	limestone. Shell	nented, pale grey, fine oomicrite fragments throughout. Black ninor iron staining on fracture		GOOD	91.40	89.30	2.10	2.10	100%	2.10	1.7	81%	Sample 18: 5.0 - 8.0m

Supplementary   Supplementar				lica	_	Site:				arracks		B/h no:		SGB17		
Coop   Coop   Long   Rock description   2			) I U	JCION ecological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	13/12/20	17	
Dept.   Dept.   Length   Rock   description						Coord	inates:		495231	, 304722		Collar El	evation:	97.695		
12.20   10.75   4.55   Strong, well commends between ball of privilating parts and diseased parts and parts and diseased parts and trans.   12.20   10.75   4.55   Strong, well commends between ball of privilating parts and parts and trans.   12.20   10.75   4.55   Strong, well commends between ball of privilating parts and parts and trans.   12.20   10.75   4.55   Strong, well commends between ball of privilating parts and parts and trans.   12.20   10.75   4.55   Strong, well commends between ball of privilating parts and parts		ı		I			^			Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Interesting Shally Registrated Fortunation			Length			graphic log				Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length		RQD	Sampled for analysis
In the grained blomicine limestone. Occasional soft, brown / buff sittone band (up to 10cm). Slight black speckling on some fracture surfaces. Approximately 0.15m / recovery lost somewhere in this section.	8.40	12.20	3.80	limestone. Shell dissolution voids	y fragments throughout. Small s and occasional calcified fractures.		GOOD	89.30	85.50	3.80	3.15	83%	3.80	2.73	72%	Sample 19: 8.0 - 11.0m
17.00   17.60   0.60   Strong, well cemented, brownish buff / pinkish grey, fine grained biomicrite limestone. Occasional soft, brown / buff siltstone band (up to 10cm). Slight black speckling on some fracture surfaces.     17.60   18.00   0.40   Strong to very strong, dark grey, fine grained comicrite limestone.     18.00   18.50   0.50   No recovery. Driller's log entry: 18.1 - 18.5 Sand     18.50   0.60   Weak, orange, orange brown and grey bands of clay, siltstone and sandstone. Transitioning into orange         18.00   19.20   19.20   0.60	12.20	16.75	4.55	fine grained bior brown / buff silts speckling on sor	micrite limestone. Occasional soft, stone band (up to 10cm). Slight black me fracture surfaces. Approximately		GOOD	85.50	80.95	4.55	4.25	93%	4.55	2.96	65%	Sample 20: 11.0 - 14.0m
17.00 17.60 0.60 Strong, well cemented, brownish buff / pinkish grey, fine grained biomicrite limestone. Occasional soft, brown / buff siltstone band (up to 10cm). Slight black speckling on some fracture surfaces.  17.60 18.00 0.40 Strong to very strong, dark grey, fine grained comicrite limestone.  18.00 18.50 0.50 No recovery. Driller's log entry: 18.1 - 18.5 Sand  18.50 19.10 0.60 Weak, orange, orange brown and grey bands of clay, siltstone and sandstone. Transitioning into orange	16.75	17.00	0.25				GOOD	80.95	80.70	0.25	0.25	100%	0.25	0.25	100%	m <sub>C</sub>
18.00   18.50   0.50   No recovery. Driller's log entry:   18.1 - 18.5   Sand     18.50   19.10   0.60   Weak, orange, orange brown and grey bands of clay, siltstone and sandstone. Transitioning into orange     79.20   78.60   0.60   0.00   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60   0   0%   0.60	17.00	17.60	0.60	Strong, well cen fine grained bior brown / buff silts	nented, brownish buff / pinkish grey, micrite limestone. Occasional soft, stone band (up to 10cm). Slight black		GOOD	80.70	80.10	0.60	0.60	100%	0.60	0.3	50%	Sample 21: 14.0 - 18.0m
Driller's log entry: 18.1 - 18.5 Sand  18.50 19.10 0.60 Weak, orange, orange brown and grey bands of clay, siltstone and sandstone. Transitioning into orange	17.60	18.00	0.40				GOOD	80.10	79.70	0.40	0.40	100%	0.40	0.21	53%	Sample
siltstone and sandstone. Transitioning into orange	18.00	18.50	0.50	Driller's log entr				79.70	79.20	0.50	0.00	0%	0.50	0	0%	
END OF HOLE Drilling Contractor / Rig / Type: Apex Drilling / Fraste PL.G / Geobor-S	18.50	19.10	0.60	siltstone and sar and brown irons	ndstone. Transitioning into orange		Contract							0	0%	

		_			Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	08	
(3)	V	JIC	<b>Ition</b>	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurc	ly		Date Dri	lled:	11/12/20	17	
4			geological		Coord	inates:		495193	3, 304373		Collar E	levation:	93.233		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD	,	
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	0.70	0.70	No recovery - so Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 0.7 Broken	y:			93.23	92.53	0.70	0.00	0%	0.70	0	0%	
0.70	1.50	0.80	oolitic limestone	ng, well cemented, pale grey, coarse . Well fractured, cobbly to gravelly own, plastic clay coating on fractures.		MOD	92.53	91.73	0.80	0.30	38%	0.80	0.1	13%	
1.50	3.20	1.70	coarse oolitic lin	ng, well cemented, pale grey / buff, nestone. Minor iron staining. Well bbly recovery, with pale brown, silty e fractures.		GOOD	91.73	90.03	1.60	1.45	91%	1.70	0.31	18%	1.7 - 4.7m
3.20	4.80	1.60	oomicrite limeste staining on fract	nented, pale grey / buff, medium one. Minor black speckling and iron ure surfaces. Occasional shell fractured, cobbly return. Very minor tures.		MOD	90.03	88.43	1.60	1.60	100%	1.60	0.66	41%	Sample 10: 1.7 - 4.7m
4.80	9.40	4.60	medium biomicr oolitic bands. Sl throughout, and	nented, pale grey to buff, fine to ite limestone, with slightly coarser ight black, dendritic speckling minor iron staining on fracture nes silty towards base from 8.5m.		GOOD	88.43	83.83	4.60	4.60	100%	4.60	3.88	84%	Sample 11: 4.7 - 7.7m

	Ave	slu	tion	Danah da Lan	Site:		St Geo		arracks		B/h no:	:110 d.	SGB17 /		
1			tion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	inates:	Sillion		y 3, 304373		Date Dr		11/12/20 93.233	17	
		1								Core Rec			RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
9.40	12.35	2.95	oomicrite limest and slightly silty	nented, pinkish buff, medium to fine one with occasional shelly horizons bands. Shelly fragments throughout. ng on fracture surfaces.		GOOD	83.83	80.88	2.95	2.83	96%	2.95	2.06	70%	Sample 12: 7.7 - 12.2m
12.35	13.85	1.50	and orange brow	e grey, medium oomicrite limestone wn / grey brown siltstone bands. Sligh on fracture surfaces.	t	POOR	80.88	79.38	1.50	1.40	93%	1.50	1.18	79%	Sample 13: 12.4 - 15.2m
13.85	15.20	1.35	Occasional blac	dark grey, fine biomicrite limestone. k speckling. Some loss of recovery, at c.14.85 (Driller's log entry: 15.0 -		GOOD	79.38	78.03	1.35	1.00	74%	1.35	0.86	64%	Sample 13:
15.20	17.15	1.95	No recovery Driller's log entr 15.2 - 17.0 Sand	y:			78.03	76.08	1.95	0.00	0%	1.95	0	0%	Sample 13: 12.4 - 15.2m
17.15	17.50	0.35	Stiff, buff / orang Heavily iron stai	ge grey clay and siltstone interbeds. ned.			76.08	75.73	0.35	0.00	0%	0.35	0	0%	
17.50	19.20	1.70	Moderately wea many voids.	k, orange brown, silty ironstone with			75.73	74.03	1.70	0.00	0%	1.70	0	0%	

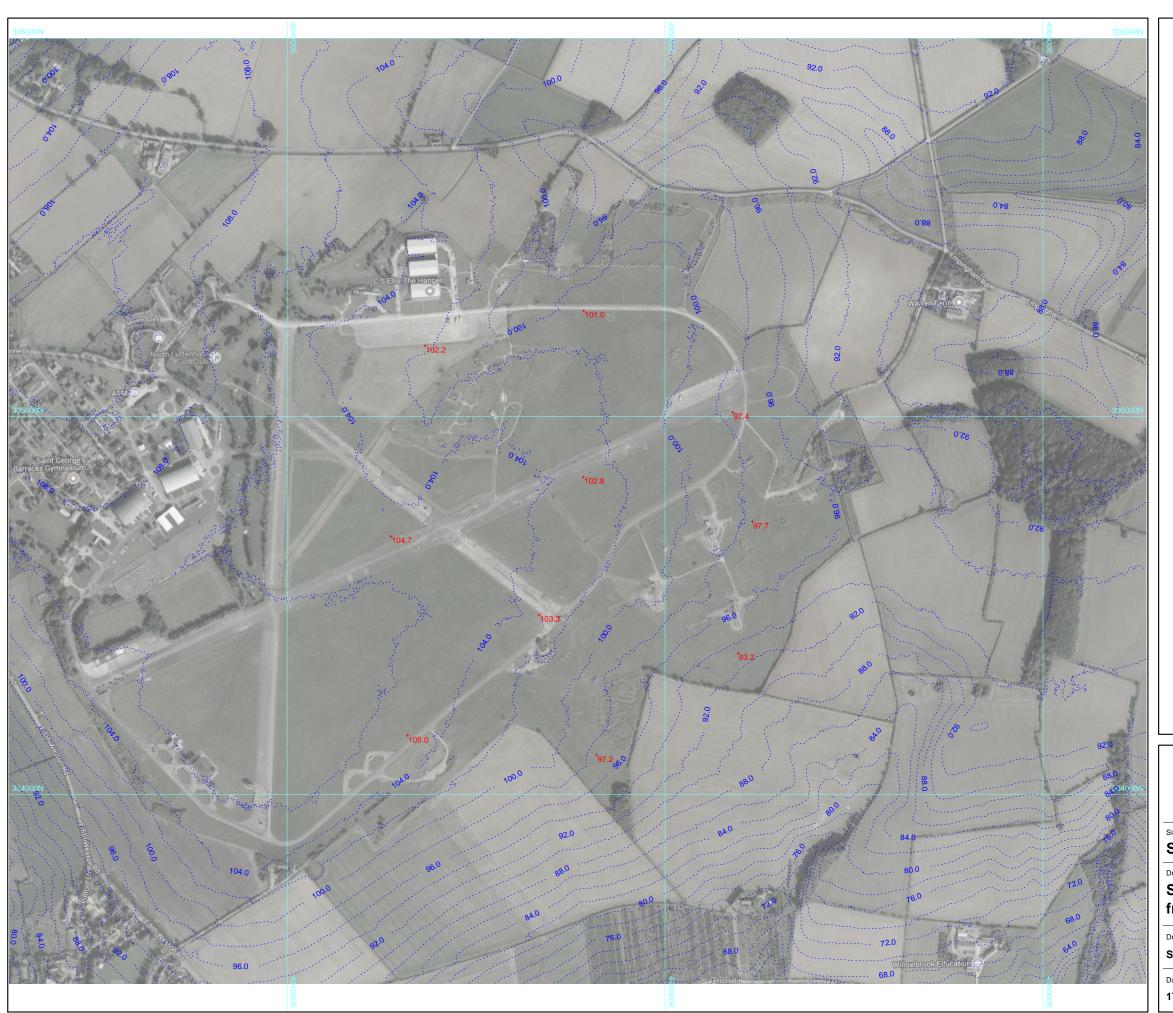
					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	09	
	PY	) I C	tion	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurc	ly		Date Dr	illed:	08/12/20	17	
J.		,	geological	9	Coord	inates:		494819	9, 304104		Collar E	levation:	97.238		
									Solid	I Core Rec	overv		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	0.70	0.70	No recovery - so Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 0.7 Broken	y:			97.24	96.54	0.70	0.00	0%	0.70	0	0%	
0.70	1.00	0.30	brown, very clay	ng, well cemented, buff / orange rey, slightly sandy, coarse oolitic rily fractured, recovered as gravel.		MOD	96.54	96.24	0.30	0.30	100%	0.30	0	0%	
1.00	3.10			nented, buff / brown, coarse oolitic minor clay on horizontal partings		GOOD	96.24	94.14	2.10	2.20	105%	2.10	0.31	15%	Sample 1: 1.0 - 4.0m
3.10	4.00	0.90	limestone with in Fractured, cobbl	nented, pale buff / brown, fine oolitic ncreasing clay towards base. ly return. Clay band at 3.0m with ciated loss of recovery of c.0.3m.		GOOD	94.14	93.24	0.90	0.50	56%	0.90	0	0%	
4.00	5.10	1.10	buff, fine oomicr	ng to strong, well cemented, grey to ite limestone. Minor black, dendritic on staining on fracture surfaces.		GOOD	93.24	92.14	1.10	0.90	82%	1.10	0.9	82%	
5.10	6.60	1.50	Strong, well cen coarse biomicrit	nented, pale buff to brownish buff, e limestone.		GOOD	92.14	90.64	1.50	1.50	100%	1.50	1.43	95%	Sample 2: 4.0 - 7.0m
6.60	8.20	1.60	medium grained	trong, well cemented, pale buff / grey I biomicrite limestone. Many vugs of Icified. Black speckling and minor iro ure surfaces.		GOOD	90.64	89.04	1.60	1.60	100%	1.60	1.43	89%	Sample 3: 7.0 - 9.0m
8.20	8.30			ng, orange brown, sandy, silty showing fining structure.		MOD	89.04	88.94	0.10	0.10	100%	0.10	0.1	100%	1

4		sli	ution	Danahala Lan	Site: Logge		St Geo		arracks		B/h no: Date Dri	illadı	<b>SGB17</b> / 08/12/20		
			ytion geological	Borehole Log		inates:	Sillion		y ), 304104			levation:		117	
					Coold	lilates.		494018	1	I Core Rec		levalion.			
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
8.30	12.30	4.00	grained comicrit fractured limesto with brown, sand band containing	ng, buff to grey brown, medium e limestone. Bands of heavily one returned as gravel, associated dy clay. Stiff, buff / brown clayey silt rounded limetone gravel, c.0.3m .oss of recovery from suspected but.		GOOD	88.94	84.94	4.00	2.70	68%	4.00	1.25	31%	Sample 4: 11.0 - 15.0m
12.30	14.15	1.85	oomicrite limest	trong, pale buff / grey, fine to medium one. Minor shell content throughout, tly shelly bands at 12.8m, 13.0m and		GOOD	84.94	83.09	1.85	0.20	11%	1.85	0	0%	_
1115	14.35	0.20	Voncetrong dor	k grey, fine micrite limestone.		GOOD	83.09	82.89	0.20	0.20	4000/	0.20	0	00/	
	14.35		-	f / grey, fine to medium oomicrite		GOOD	82.89	82.74	0.20	0.20	100%	0.20	0	0%	
	16.50		limestone. Minor No recovery Driller's log entry 14.5 - 16.5 Sand	r shell content.			82.74	80.74	2.00	0.00	0%	2.00	0	0%	
	16.90		medium sand wi siltstone. Weak, orange b	eak, orange brown silty, fine to th small fragments of stronger rown, silty, fine to medium sandstone tion of ironstone nodules and voids.			80.74	80.34	0.40	0.00	0%	0.40	0 0.25	0%	
			END OF HOLE		Drilling	Contract	or / Rig /	Туре: Ар	pex Drilling	/ Fraste Pl	G / Geobo	or-S			

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17 /	10	
	PV	yle	tion	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:		McCurd			Date Dri	lled:	07/12/20	17	
			geological		Coord	inates:		494319	9, 304156		Collar E	levation:	104.995		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length	Ī	Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
0.00	1.00	1.00	No recovery - so Driller's log entry 0.0 - 0.4 Clay 0.4 - 1.0 Broken				105.00	104.00	1.00	0.00	0%	1.00	0	0%	67 (2
1.00	1.70	0.70	medium grained comicrite limestone. Occasional shell fragments throughout. Heavily fractured, weathered, rubbly return. Minor iron staining. Brown plastic clay on fractures.		MOD	104.00	103.30	0.70	0.50	71%	0.70	0	0%	5m	
1.70	3.10	1.40	grained oolitic lir	mestone. Well fractured. Minor		GOOD	103.30	101.90	1.40	1.40	100%	1.40	0.61	44%	Sample 24: 1.7 - 4.5m
3.10	8.65	5.55	medium grained coarse grained of fragments through	nented, buff / pinkish grey, fine to oolitic limestone, with occasional solitic bands. Occasional shelly ghout. Minor black speckling on s. Minor clay infilling on some		GOOD	101.90	96.35	5.55	5.20	94%	5.55	3.72	67%	9.0m Sample 25: 4.5 - 6.0m
0.05	0.10	0.75	Manada			0005	00.05	05.00	0.75	0.70	2007	0.75	0.00	4007	Sample 26: 6.0 - 9.0m
8.65	9.40	0.75	limestone. Occa	I cemented, mid grey, fine oomicrite sional shell fragments and iron y slightly silicified.		GOOD	96.35	95.60	0.75	0.70	93%	0.75	0.36	48%	

					Site:		St Geo	rge's B	arracks		B/h no:		SGB17/	10	
	V	DIU	ytion geological	Borehole Log	Logge	d by:	Simon	McCurd	у		Date Dri	lled:	07/12/20	17	
4			geological		Coord	inates:		494319	, 304156		Collar E	levation:	104.995		
									Solid	Core Rec	overy		RQD		
Depth from	Depth to	Length		Rock description	graphic log	Indicative Agg Quality	Elevation from	Elevation To	Core Length	Core Recovered	SCR	Core Length	Core >100mm	RQD	Sampled for analysis
12.00	12.00		Driller's log entr 9.4 - 12.0 Sand	prown, silty, fine to medium sandstone tion of ironstone nodules and voids.			95.60	93.00	2.60	0.00	0%	1.50	0	0%	
			END OF HOLE		Dellie		Pier		ex Drilling	(Freete S)	0/00/				

## Appendix B - Drawings





St George's Barracks

# Site Topography from EA 2m LiDAR DTM

•			
	Drawn By:	Scale:	
	Simon McCurdy	1:10000	
11	Date:	Drawing No:	
	17/01/2018	EG-SGB-TS-0118	







Site Name

St George's Barracks

Drawing Name

Summary Geology Plan with limestone thickness isopachs

-	Drawn By:	Scale:	
	Simon McCurdy	1:10000	
1	Date:	Drawing No:	
	11/01/2018	EG-SGB-SGC-0118	,

drawing is copyrighted. Tel: +44 (0)7834 258962 / Email: simon@evolutiongeological.com

## Appendix C - Core Photos (2017)

































































































